Symplocos acuminata (Blume) Miq.

Synonyms : Symplocos cochinchinensis (Lour.) Moore subsp. laurina (Retz.) Nooteb

Family : Symplocaceae

Group : Uterine tonic, Anti hypertensive, Anti-arthritic/anti-rheumatic/antiinflammatory

Parts Used : Bark

Vernacular Names

English : Symplocos

- Malayalam : Pachhotti Hindi : Bholiya, Sodh Sanskrit : Lodhrah
- Kannada : Lodha Tamil : Kambli-vetti
- Telungu : Lodduga

Distribution and habitat: Found throughout India.

Botany: A small evergreen tree up to 7 m in height with thin, smooth, light grey bark and white wood.

• *Leaves:* Simple, alternate, very thick, lanceolate, elliptic or oblong shortly acuminate at the apex, irregularly crenate or serrate.

- Flowers : Yellowish white, fragrant, in close clusters, in axillary spikes.
- Fruits : Globose, purple, ribbed drupes; seeds 1-3, testa thin.

• **Bark** : Greyish green to slight grey with patches of crustose lichens. The outer bark is thin and the inner greenish or light brown, the cut surface of the thick bark of a mature tree is reddish brown on drying; when broken, short fibre tips are seen.

Uses: Neurotonic, hypotensive, anti-inflammatory, treatment of arthritis, tumors, bronchitis, leucorrhoea, gonorrhea, ophthalmic, bleeding of gums and menorrhagia. **Propagation**: Seed

