Vincetoxicum indicum (Burm.f.) Mabb.

Synonyms: Tylophora asthmatica (Linn.f.)Wight &Arn., Tylophora indica (Burm.f.) Merr.

Family : Asclepiadaceae

Group : Anti tussive (expectorant)

Parts Used : Root , Leaf Vernacular Names

English : Emetic swallow- wory, Indian or Country ipecacuanha

Malayalam : Vallippala

Hindi : Jamgli pikvam, Antamul Sanskrit : Lataksiri, Antamul

Bengali : Antamul

Kannada : Nipaladaberu, Antamula Tamil : Naippalai, Nancaruppan

Telungu: Vettipala, Verripala, Tellayadala, Kakapala

Distribution and habitat: Throughout India

Botany: A slender, much branched, tough laticiferous climber up to 1.5 m high with long fleshy, knotty roots numerous; root stock thick and short.

- **Leaves**: Up to 10 cm long, simple, opposite, somewhat fleshy, ovate to orbicular, cordate based 3-10 cm long, often apiculate, glabrous, acute or acuminate, more or less pubescent beneath.
- *Flowers:* In umbels, greenish yellow outside, purplish within, pedicels filiform with a number of filiform hairy bracts at their base.
- *Fruits*: Fusiform, divaricate, glabrous, follicles, 8 cm long, tapering to a fine point at the apex.
- **Seeds**: Ovate with long coma.

Properties: Antitumour activity, bacteriostatic, emetic, cathartic

Chemical constituent: alkaloids- Tylophorine as(-)- Tylophorine (Phenanthroindolizine alkaloid); Tylophorinine. Quercetin, Kaempferol and α - amyrin.

Uses: Useful against asthma, bronchitis, whooping cough, dysentery and diarrhea, rheumatic and gouty pains, hydrophobia, bronchial asthma

Propagation: Seed and cuttings



