Cyperus rotundus Linn.

Family : Cyperaceae

Anti hypertensive, Anti-arthritic/anti-rheumatic/anti-inflammatory, Stomach **Group**

disorders/carminatives/laxative

Parts Used: Bulbous tuber

Vernacular Names

English : Nut grass Malayalam: Muthanga Hindi : Nagarmotha Sanskrit. : Musta Bengali : Motha : Motha Gujarathi Kannada : Tungegadde

Tamil : Kora

Telungu : Tungmuste

Distribution and habitat: Throughout India, common in waste grounds and gardens.

Botany: A small sedge, 10-16 cm in height; stolons slender, 10-12 cm, thickened in to black woody ovoid tuberous; aerial stem triquetrous at top.

- Leaves: Tristichous, long, finely acuminate, flat, one nerved, often overtopping the stem, 0.4-0.8 cm broad.
- *Inflorescence:* Umbels frequently compound, primary rays 5-20 cm.

Properties: Anti-inflammatory, antipyretic, analgesic

Chemical constituents:

- Cyperene-1 and cyperene-2, cyperotundone from tubers.
- Cyperene, β -selinene, cyperenone, and α -cyperone, from rhizomes.
- Essential oil contains mustakone.
- Root extract possessed tranquillizing activity. It showed antipyretic and antiinflammatory activities.

Formulations: Mustharishtam, Mustakadi churnum

Uses: It is used in Diarrhea, dysentery, dyspepsia, vomiting, cholera, and fever. Root paste is applied to wounds, sores etc. and used in intestinal disease.

Propagation: Vegetatively by tuber.





