Cerebra odollam Gaertn.

Synonyms : Cerebra manghas Linn. Family : Apocynaceae Parts Used : Fruit , Leaf, Bark, Milky juice **Vernacular Names** English : Odallum tree, Dog-bane Malayalam : Othalam Hindi : Dabur : Auddalakah, Svanamarah Sanskrit Bengali : Sukanu Kannada : Gonkadura Tamil : Udalai, Katalma, Kattarali, Kattuma



Distribution and Habitat: Throughout India

Botany: A moderate sized evergreen maritime tree with acrid milky poisonous juice, glabrous, branchlets whorled, marked with leaf scars.

• *Leaves*: Bright green closely set at the ends of branches, $12.5-25 \ge 3.82-6.3 \text{ cm}$, lanceolate or oblanceolate, glabrous, tapering sharply to the base, nerves many and connected by an intramarginal vein. Petioles 2-3.8 cm long.

• *Flowers*: Large white with a yellow throat, in terminal cymes. Peduncles 5-15 cm long. Calyx glabrous, corolla tube 1.3-2 cm long. Ovary of two distinct carpels united by a single style.

• *Fruits*: Large, green, drupes with fibrous pericarp, 5-10 cm long. Seeds usually solitary.

Properties: Bark, leaves and milky juice are purgative and emetic.

Uses: It is used in ring worm infestation, vata, skin diseases in children

Chemical constituents:

 \bullet Root- β -sitosterol. Root bark and stem bark yield gentiobiosyl thevetoside, glucosyl thevetoside and thevetosides of tanghinigenine

- Leaf- succinic acid, nicotiflorin, rutin, clitorin
- Seed cerbertin, cerbertatin, thevetin

Propagation: Seeds

