Canthium coromandelicum (Burm. f.) Alston

Synonyms: Canthium parviflorum Lam.

Family : Rubiaceae
Parts Used : Root , Leaf
Vernacular Names
English : Canthium
Malayalam : Kara
Hindi : Kirma
Sanskrit : Gangeruki



Distribution and Habitat: Throughout India in scrub forest and dry plains.

Botany: A thorny subscandent shrub with spreading branches.

• Leaves: Simple, small, opposite with interpetiolar stipules and axillary spines

• Flowers: Yellowish white, 4-merous, small, in axillary cymes, corolla tube short

• Fruits: Oblong-ellipsoid or compressed drupes, yellow when ripe.

Properties: The roots and the leaves are astringent, thermogenic, diuretic, febrifuge, anthelmintic and constipating.

Uses: Useful in diarrhoea, strangury, fever, intestinal worms and general debility.

Propagation: Seeds



